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## PATENT SPECIFICATION

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## (54) LAMINATES

(71) We, IMPERIAL CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES LIMITED, Imperial Chemical House, Millbank, London SW1P 3JF, a British Company do hereby declare the 5 invention, for which we pray that a patent may be granted to us, and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following statement:-

10 The present invention relates to laminates.

According to the present invention a flexible laminate is provided which comprises a first outer layer which is a continuous thermop-15 lastic material, a first backing layer for the first outer layer, a second outer layer which is a tack-spun (as hereinafter defined) pilesurfaced product on a second backing layer, the first and second backing layers adhering

together.

A tack-spun pile-surfaced product is formed by feeding a polymeric material between a backing and a temporary anchorage surface (the polymeric material being in a state such that it is tacky and capable of adhering to the backing and also of adhering temporarily to the temporary anchorage surface) separating the backing and the temporary anchorage surface so that drawing of the polymeric material occurs with the production of fibres or tufts of fibres of the polymeric material, hardening the polymeric material by cooling (if it is thermoplastic and had been rendered tacky by heat) or by 35 completion of a cross-linking reaction (when the polymer is a curable polymer and undergoes cure during or after bore formation) and separation of the fibres or tufts of holes from the temporary anchorage surface, and the term "tack-spun" should be understood accordingly.

The first outer layer is made from any flexible thermoplastic material that can be fabricated into a thin continuous sheet. Such materials include addition polymers for

example polymers and copolymers of propylene, butadiene, vinyl ethylene, chloride, vinyl acetate, vinylidene chloride, acrylonitrile and styrene and condensation polymers such as polyamides and polyesters; preferred such materials are thermoplastic polyurethanes and plasticised polymers containing vinyl chloride; particularly preferred is plasticised poly (vinyl chloride) having British Standard softness 40 to 90 (British Standard 2782:1970). The first outer layer may be embossed if desired so as to produce for example a simulated leather, and it may have other outer surface finishes such as a lacquer or wear layer or be metallised; the inner surface may if desired be foamed so as to provide insulation and resilience to the

layer or metallised to provide insulation. The second outer layer comprises a plural-

ity of fibres or tufts of fibres of polymeric material. The pile is generally formed on a backing layer such as, for example paper, cardboard or woven or non-woven textile material. Processes by which pile-surfaced products may be produced are described in British patent specifications 1334672, 1378638, 1378639, 1378640, 1384707, 1399095, 1451311, 1451312, 1451313, 1472405, and British patent applications 1492943 and 1499661. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the pile is fabricated from low density polyethylene, most preferably pigmented. The pile may be embossed by for example the process described in British patent 1399821.

The laminate of the present invention comprises two backing layers which may be the same or different. The backing layers may be made from any material which is capable of adhering to each other by, for example using an adhesive. In general the backing layers can be made from any flexible material such as paper, thin cardboard,

woven and non-woven cloth.

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The laminates of the present invention	and the non-woven visco
may be made for example by forming the	material and pressing th
first outer layer on its backing, and the sec-	heated roll whereby fibril
ond outer layer on its backing and joining	the surface of the film as
the two backings using, for example an	rated from the roll
adhesive. The choice of adhesive will	rated from the roll w
depend on for example the backings and the	polyethylene to below its
equipment used for applying the adhesive	and the polyethylene bo
but generally contact adhesives symbolic	woven material.
but generally contact adhesives, synthetic	The first outer layer an
rubber adhesives and adhesives based on	the second outer layer and
synthetic resin (e.g. polyvinyl acetate) dis-	laminated backing to back
persions, preferably plasticiser free, are	free polyvinyl acetate em
generally satisfactory. In one preferred	cosity 3300 centipose, de
embodiment the backing for the first outer	and solids content of 62%
layer is woven or non-woven or knitted	The laminate so formed
cloth or crepe paper and the backing for the	appearance and was shape
second outer is non-woven material, the two	upper. The resulting shoe
backings adhering together using a contact	appearance, comfortable
adhesive to form the present laminate.	ing to foot shape and in all
The laminates of the present invention are	breath.
useful where the two outer surfaces are	WHAT WE CLAIM IS
required to perform different functions,	1. A flexible laminate v
for example wear, feel, decoration. The	first outer layer which is a
laminates are particularly useful as shoe	mosplastic material, a first
uppers, in which the first outer layer is flexi-	the first outer layer, a se
ble polyurethane or poly(vinyl chloride) and	which is a tack-spun
provides the outside of, for example a shoe	defined) pile-surfaced pro-
with a simulated leather finish, and the sec-	backing layer, the first and
ond outer layer is a pile-surfaced product	layers adhering together.
made from, for example, polyethylene, and	<ol><li>A flexible laminate a</li></ol>
provides the inside of the shoe with a simu-	1 in which the backing la
lated suede leather finish which is attractive	together using an adhesive
and comfortable to the wearer; such lami-	3. A flexible laminate a
nates are also useful in the preparation of	2 in which the adhesive is
travel goods such as suitcases and handbags	sive.
and spectacle cases and other types of	4. A flexible laminate a
synthetic Morocco leather articles. The pro-	2 in which the adhesive
ducts are also useful in heat insulation appli-	polyvinyl acetate emulsion
cations, for example pipe or refrigerator	5. A flexible laminate
cladding, in which the first outer layer may	one of claims 1 to 4 in w
be metallised polyester film preferably with	layers are both textile mat
the metal surface outside of the first outer	be the same or different.
layer. The invention is illustrated with reference	6. A flexible laminate
The invention is illustrated with reference	one of claims 1 to 5 in whi
to the accompanying drawing which is a	layer is plasticised polyviny
cross-section of a piece of laminate according to the invention.	7. A flexible laminate
The laminate has a first outer I-	one of claims 1 to 6 in
The laminate has a first outer layer 1	surfaced product is

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which is plasticised poly(vinyl chloride) hav-50 ing British Standard softness 50 (British Standard 2783:1970) on which is provided a surface emboss 2. The first outer layer is backed with woven cotton fabric 3. The first outer layer and its backing are made by a 55 method conventional in the fabric coating art in which a paste of poly(vinyl chloride) in plasticiser was spread out onto the woven cotton fabric and gelled and embossed. Second outer layer 4 is pigmented pile-surfaced 60 product made from low-density polyethylene on a non-woven viscose rayon fabric backing 5 having density 50 g/m<sup>2</sup>. This second outer layer was produced by bringing

together a film of low density polyethylene

ose rayon backing he film against a ls are drawn from. the film is sepahile cooling the s softening point, onds to the non-

d its backing, and d its backing were: ing using a solvent. ulsion having visensity 1.10 g/cm<sup>3</sup>: by weight.

had an attractive d for use as a shoe was attractive in both in conformlowing the foot to

which comprises a continuous therbacking layer for cond outer layer (as hereinbefore duct on a second d second backing

according to claim yers are adhered

eccording to claim s a contact adhe-

ccording to claim is a solvent free

according to any hich the backing erials which may

according to any ich the first outer d chloride.

according to any which the pileformed from polyethylene.

8. A flexible laminate according to any one of claims 1 to 7 in which one outer surface is embossed.

9. A flexible laminate according to claim 8 in which the first outer surface has a simulated leather emboss.

10. A flexible laminate according to 1 substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the drawing.

11. A shoe upper whenever made from a flexible laminate as claimed in anyone of claims 1 to 10.

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COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

1 SHEET

This drawing is a reproduction of the Original on a reduced scale

